

Plucking strings and playing chords: percepts elicited from single and multiple cone stimulation Brian P. Schmidt, Alexandra E. Boehm & Austin Roorda

Vision Science

INTRODUCTION

Incoming sensory information is often noisy and ambiguous. One strategy the brain uses to reduce uncertainty is to pool signals from multiple detectors. We studied the rules for combining signals from sensory receptors by targeting individual and pairs of cones with light and recording the associated percept.

Models of cone summation





During each session groups of three cones were targeted both individually and in pairs; trials were randomly interleaved. The background in both experiments was a low photopic (~40 cd/m²) white. Separately, cone mosaics were classified with AOSLO densitometry (Sabesan et al. 2015).

RESULTS

Two-cone detection thresholds followed the expectations of a single detector that linearly summed signals from individual cones assuming each cone carried minimal noise. In comparison, two-cone appearance judgments were better predicted by a simple average spatial summation model. Together these observations suggest that the detection and appearance judgments were mediated by different neural pathways; potentially implicating the magno- and parvocellular pathways, respectively.





Model	Scale (a)	Exponent (n)	Variance (%)
simple average	0.5	1	73
winner-take-all	1	100	38
scaled linear summation	Free: 0.56±0.17	1	73
best-fit scaled power-law	Free: 0.47±0.29	Free: 0.75±0.53	74

REFERENCES Arathorn et al. 2007. Opt. Exp. 15(21):13731-44. Britten & Heuer 1999. J Neuro. 19(12): 5074-5084. Finkelstein & Hood. 1984. Vis. Res. 24(3): 175-181. Hofer et al. 2005. J Vis. 5: 444-454. Gordon et al. 1994. Percp. & Psycho. 56(1): 27-41.



4. Simple average predicts hue and saturation of two-point stimuli. However, two-point stimuli were slightly more saturated than predicted by a simple average.

Harmening et al. 2012. Bio. Opt. Exp. 3(9): 1268-1270. Harmening et al. 2014. J Neuro. 34(16): 5667-5677. Sabesan et al. 2015. PLoS One. 10(12): e0144981 Sabesan et al. 2016. Sci. Adv. 2(9): e1600797 Schmidt et al. 2018. BioRxiv. doi: 10.1101/260653

FUNDING

NEI: F32EY027637, R01EY023591, T32EY7043-38 * Minnie Flaura Turner Memorial Fund for Impaired Vision Research Michael G. Harris Ezell Fellowship

Scan code to download poster

Contact: brian.schmidt@berkeley.edu

@BrianPSchmidt